

Mechanical Testing Solutions for Lithium-Ion batteries in Automotive applications



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testXpo 2019

Lithium-ion batteries in automotive applications

Tests on lithium-ion batteries

Mechanical tests on lithium-ion batteries

ZwickRoell testing solutions

Battery system components

Battery systems are playing an important role in the performance of electric vehicles.

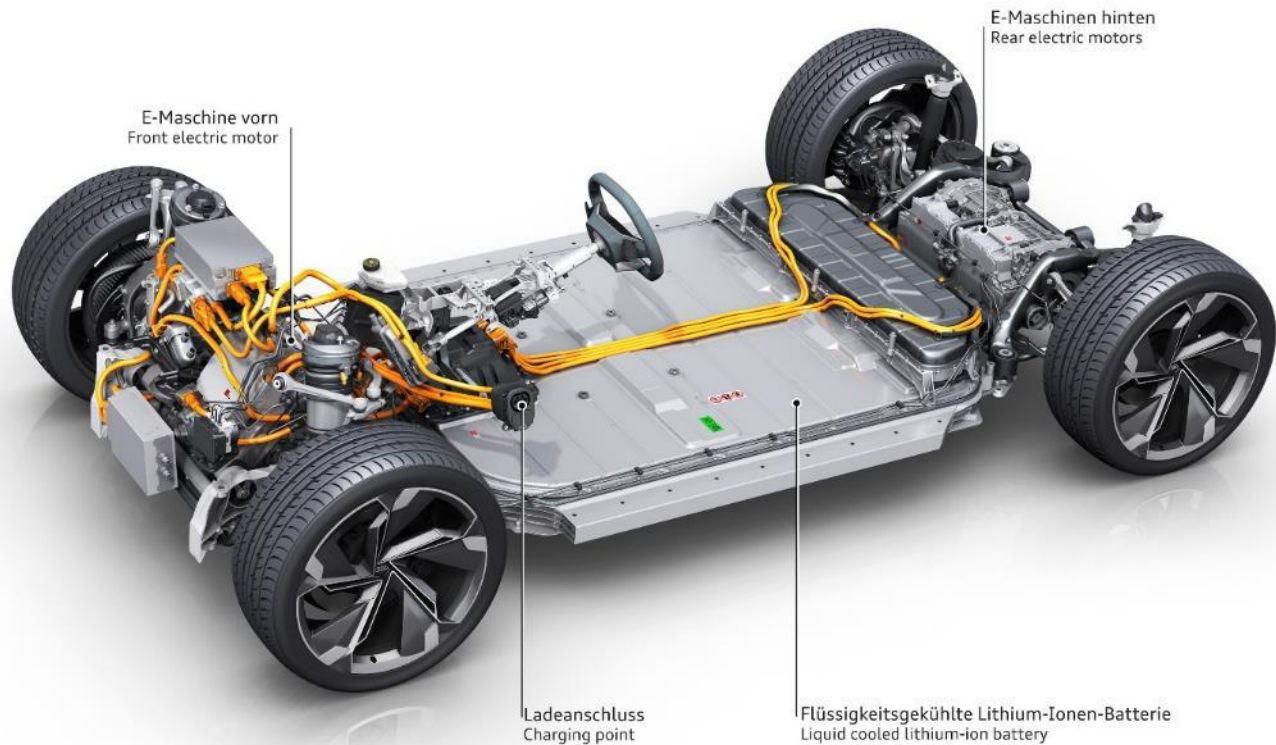


Audi e-tron Sportback concept

elektrischer Antriebsstrang

Electric drivetrain

04/17

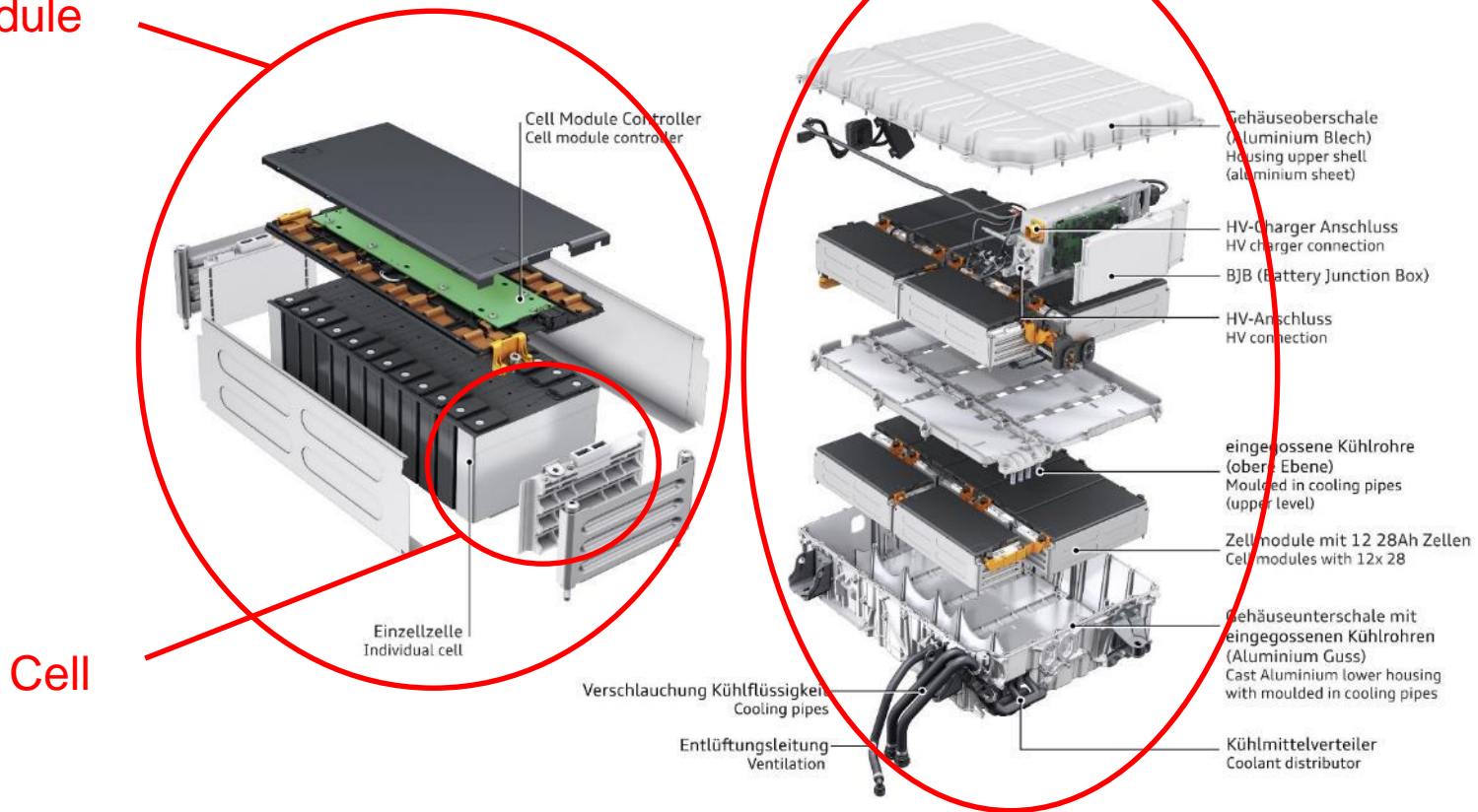


Battery system components

Traction battery systems are typically made of cells which are combined in modules. Additionally the systems require structural enclosures, management electronics, cabling and cooling.

Module

System

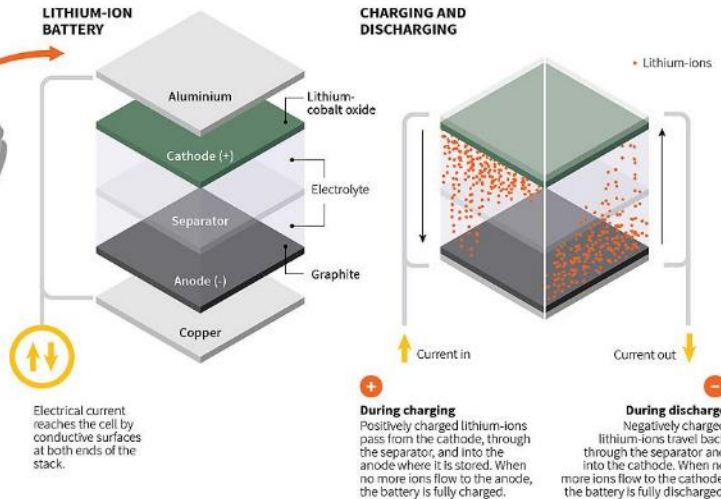
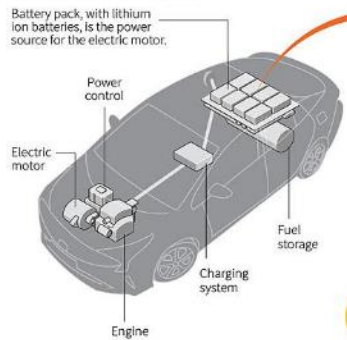


Lithium-ion batteries are highly efficient energy storage devices which allowed modern electric vehicles to become an alternative mobility solution.

How Lithium-ion battery works

The growth of hybrid and electric vehicles over the next decade is likely to affect demand for certain raw materials – most notably, through increasing demand for lithium-ion batteries. Here's a look at how lithium-ion battery works.

TYPICAL CONFIGURATION OF PLUG-IN HYBRID VEHICLES



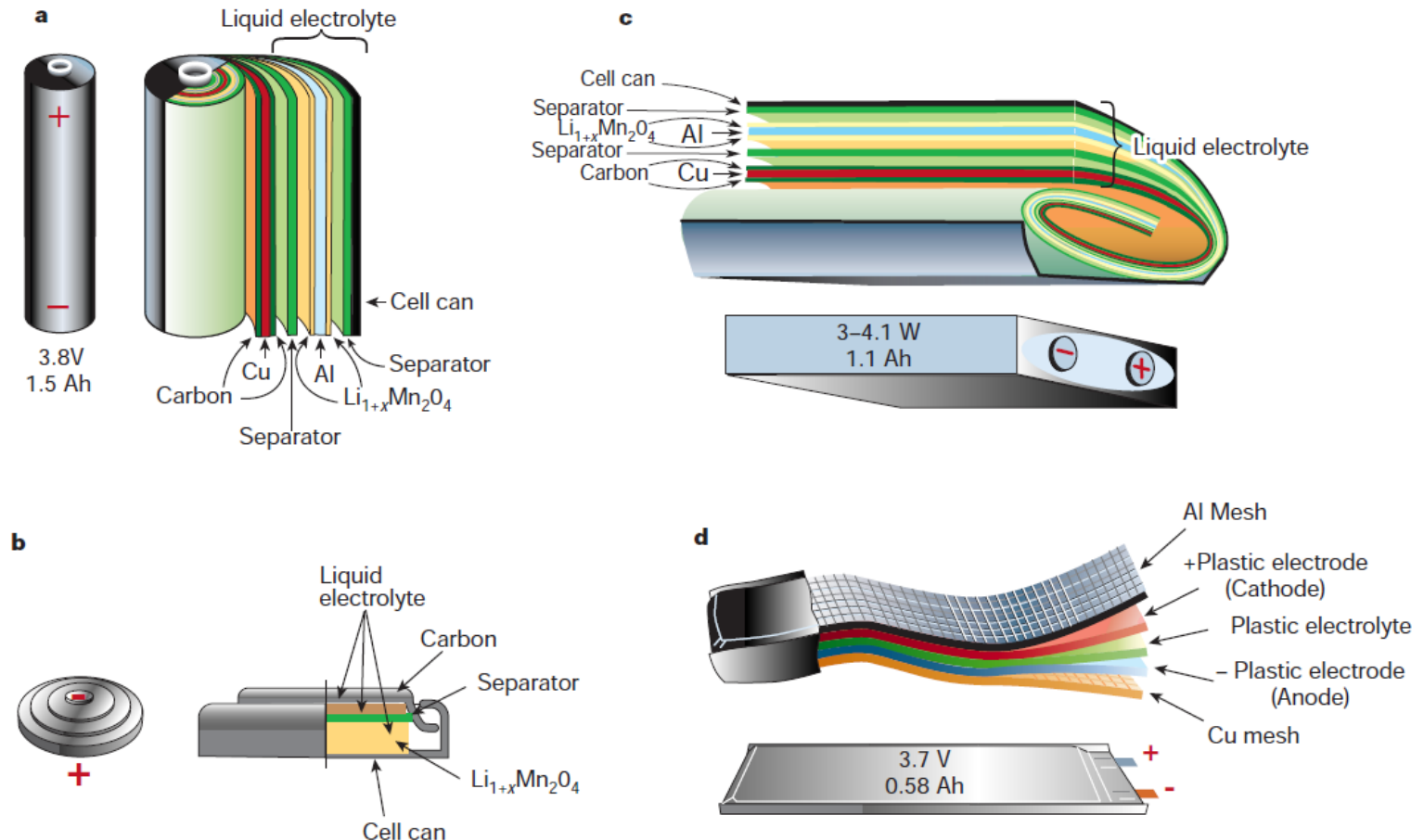
Sources: Toyota; BASF
C. Inton, J. Wu, 28/10/2016

REUTERS

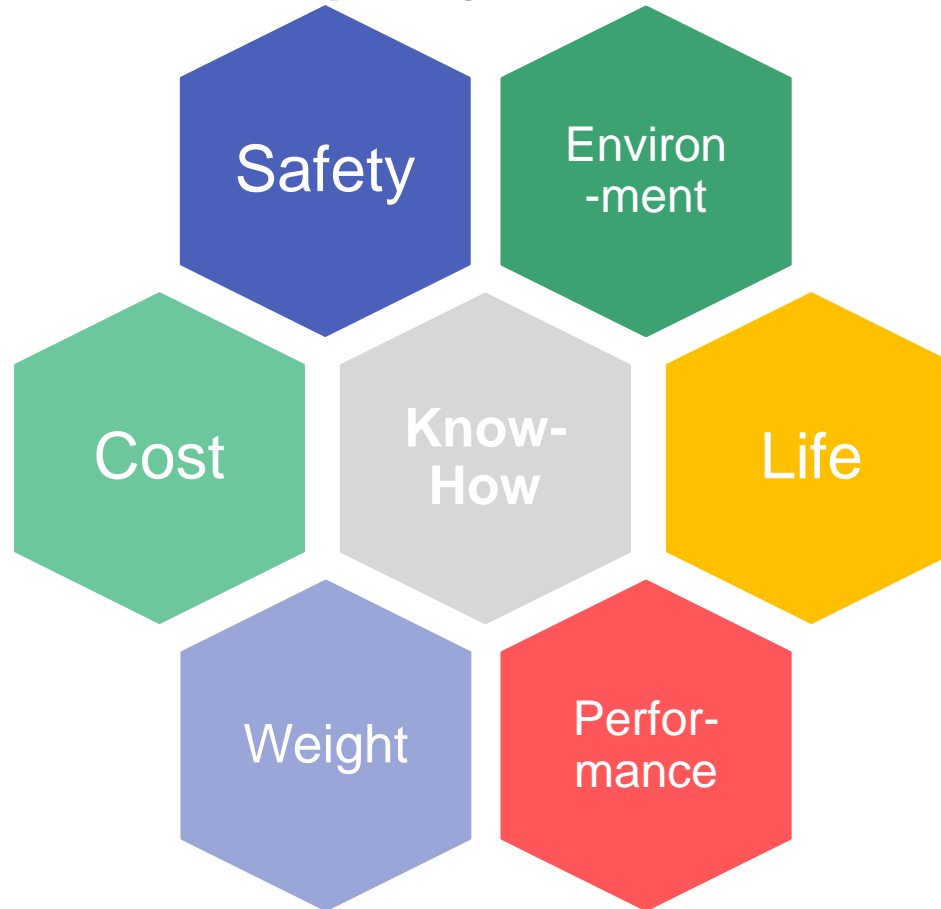
- Cell components:
 - Positive electrode (cathode) typically LiCoO_2 or LiFePO_4 – coated aluminium
 - Separator (polymer-film)
 - Negative electrode (anode) typically graphite-coated copper
 - Electrolyte
- During charging lithium-ions move from the positive electrode to the negative electrode
-> energy is stored
- During discharge lithium-ions move back from the negative electrode to the positive electrode
-> energy is released

Types of lithium-ion battery cells

Lithium-ion battery cells come in different sizes and shapes. Batteries for electrical vehicles are bigger and store much more energy.



There is a lot of effort going into the improvement of the batteries and the search for the best compromise. Testing is crucial for R&D as well as quality control.



Lithium-ion batteries in automotive applications

Tests on lithium-ion batteries

Mechanical tests on lithium-ion batteries

ZwickRoell testing solutions

A wide range of tests is performed on high power lithium-ion batteries for electrical vehicles.

- Types of tests:
 - Incoming material inspection
 - Electrical characterization
 - Ageing tests
 - Safety tests
 - Environmental tests
 - Abuse tests
- Typical standards:
 - UN ECE 100 – R2
 - ISO 12405 - 1, 2, 3
 - SAND2005 – 3123
 - VW PV 8450
 - ...

Overview of typical abuse tests:

Nr.	Test	Result
1	Controlled Crush	✓
2	Penetration	✓
3	Drop	✓
4	Immersion	✓
5	Roll-over Simulation	✓
6	Mechanical Shock	✓
7	Thermal Stability	✓
8	Simulated Fuel Fire	✓
9	Elevated Temperature Storage	✓
10	Rapid Charge / Discharge	✓
11	Thermal Shock Cycling	✓
12	Overcharge / Overvoltage	✓
13	Short Circuit	✓
14	Overdischarge / Voltage	✓
15	Partial Short Circuit	✓

An electric-vehicle battery (EVB) is a high energy device that requires considerable precaution for testing to prevent an uncontrolled fire (thermal runaway).

- Various factors can influence the risk of a short circuit and a „thermal runaway“:
 - State of charge (SOC)
 - Chemical composition
 - Mechanical damage
 - Material quality
 - Manufacturing quality
 - Temperature
 - Vibration
 - Design
 - ...
- **Risk for operators and/or equipment has to be limited by:**
 - **Isolating these critical tests in especially explosion protected rooms**
 - **Using special temperature chambers which add an additional protection**
 - **Ideally a combination of both**

Lithium-ion batteries in automotive applications

Tests on lithium-ion batteries

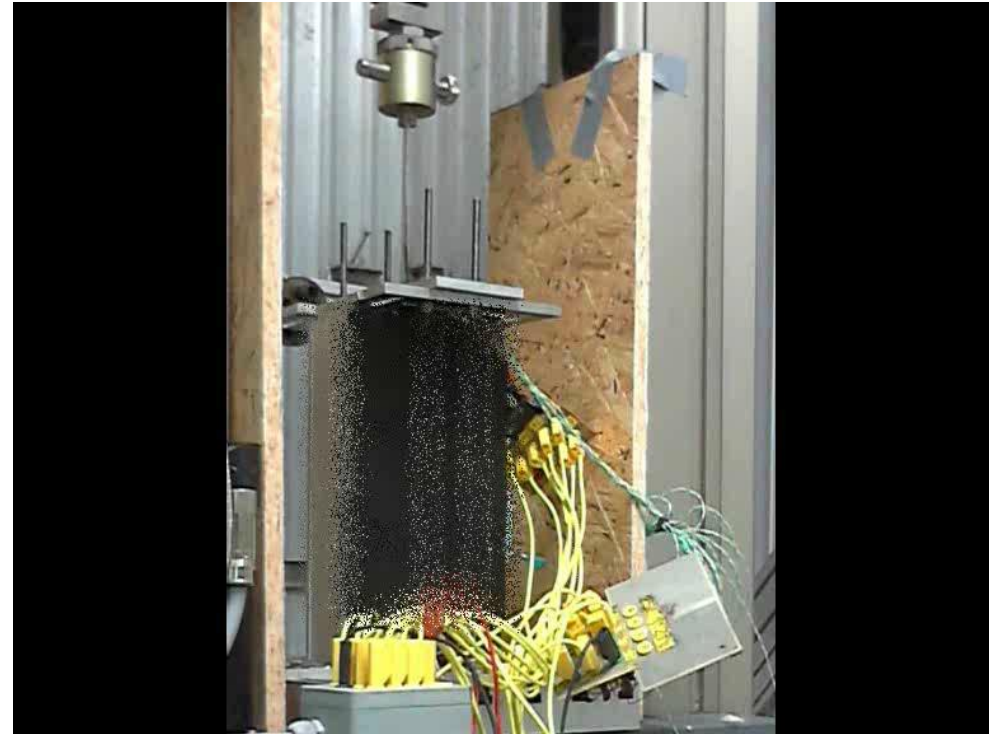
Mechanical tests on lithium-ion batteries

ZwickRoell testing solutions

Design goal for **no-fire** should be minimizing risk of short circuit while tolerating certain level of deformation

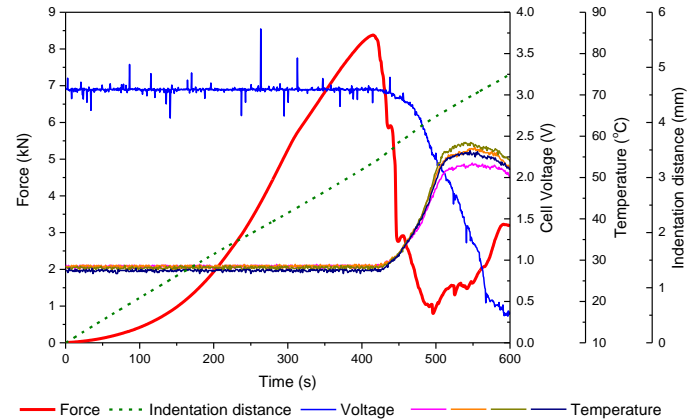
Impact deformation

- Damage
- Short circuit
- Heat accumulation
- Thermal runaway (fire)



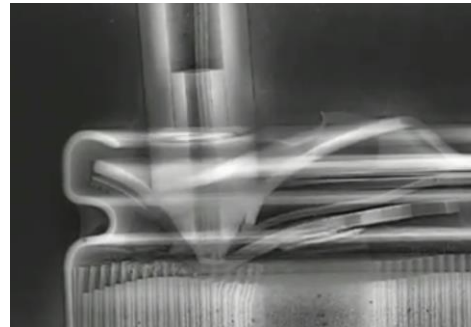
Nail penetration test on Lithium-Ion Battery cell (2005)

Characterizing and modeling failures of battery materials and short circuit of battery cells



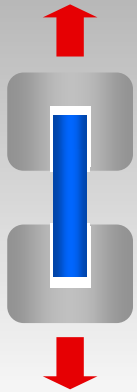
Luo, Jiang, Xia, Zhou. Fracture mode analysis of lithium-ion battery under mechanical loading. 2015 ASME Congress. IMECE2015-52595.

- ✓ indentation increase
- ✓ force peak
- ✓ voltage drop
- ✓ temperature rise

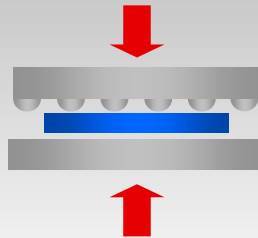


Tracking Internal Temperature and Structural Dynamics during Nail Penetration of Lithium-Ion Cells
Donal P. Finegan,^{a,b} Bernhard Tjaden,^a Thomas M. M. Heenan,^{a,*} Rhodri Jervis,^a
Marco DiMichiel,^c Alexander Rack,^c Gareth Hinds,^d Dan J. L. Brett,^a and Paul R. Shearing,^z

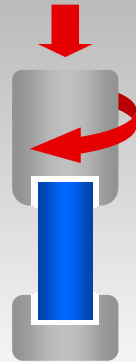
Main mechanical tests for cell components, cells, modules and systems



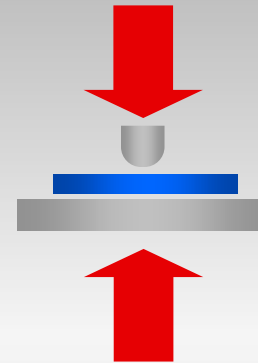
Tensile



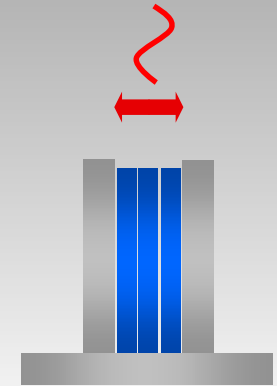
Compression/Crush



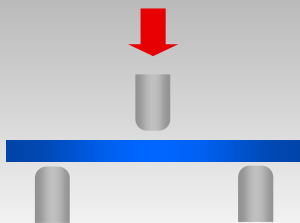
Torsion



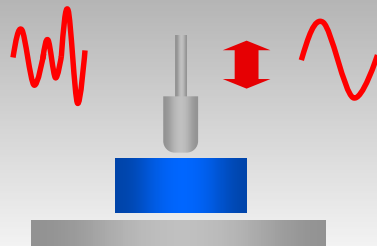
Crush



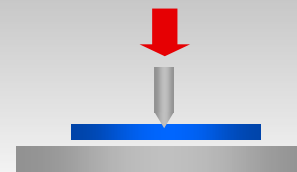
Charging cycles/Swelling



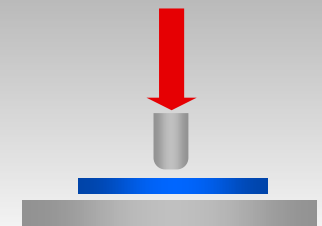
Flexure



Fatigue



Penetration/Hardness/Scratch



Impact

Various standard testing solutions fulfill the requirements for better characterization of battery cell materials



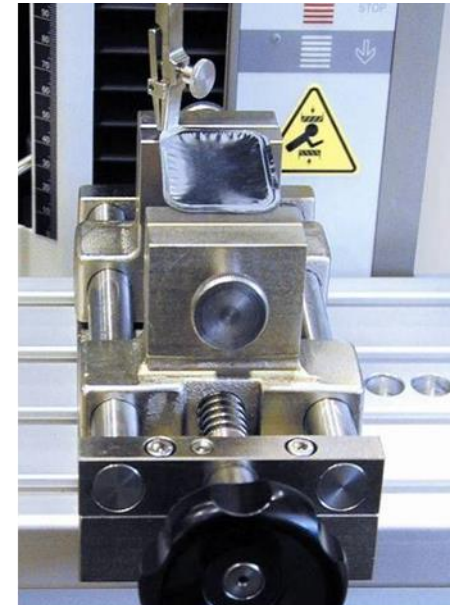
Tensile



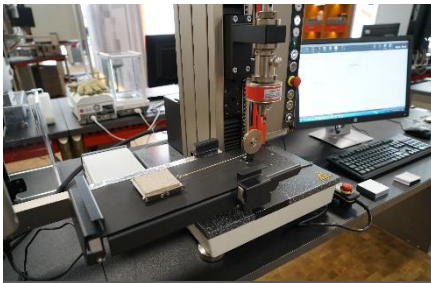
Puncture



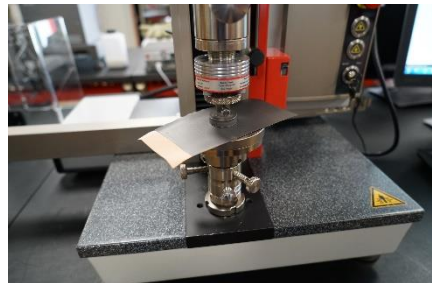
2-point flexure



Tab weld



Friction



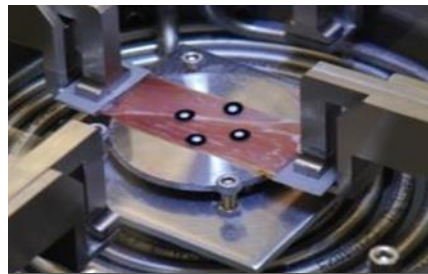
Coating compression



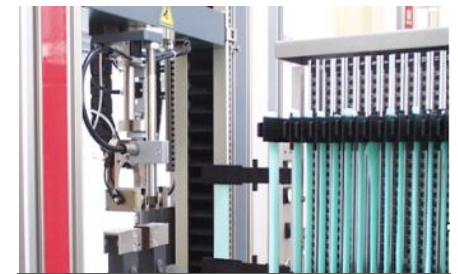
Tensile/Compression creep in bath



90° Peel / Delamination



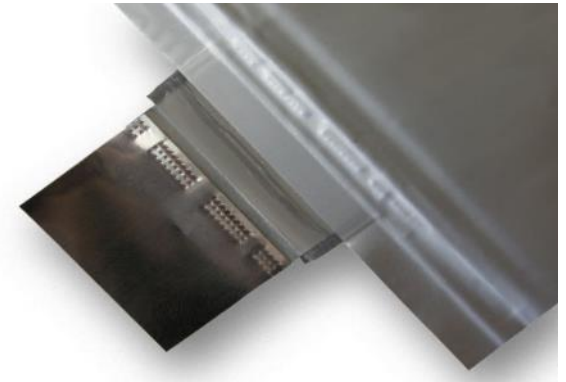
Bi-axial test in bath



Automation

Highly automated production processes require a good understanding of material characteristics

- Components/layers of battery cells:
 - Coated and uncoated plastic films (anode, cathode, separators, enclosure)
 - Coating quality (Graphite, Lithium Cobalt Oxide)
 - Aluminum, Copper foil
 - Electrolyte (liquid/solid)
 - Connectors, weld tabs,...
- Tests are performed under various environmental conditions, i.e.
 - Temperature (e.g. $-40^{\circ}/+100^{\circ}\text{C}$)
 - Humidity
 - Chemical influence
 - Mechanical damage
 - Etc...



Testing surface coating adhesion (Graphite and lithium cobalt oxide) on anodes and cathodes of lithium-ion cells



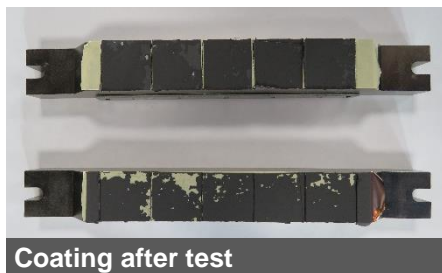
Z-direction tensile test on cathode coating

Description:

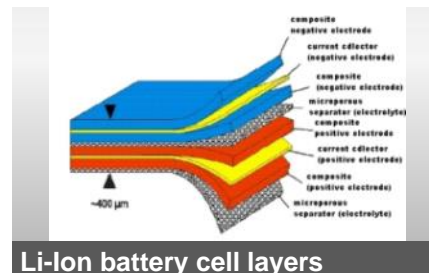
determine the surface adhesion forces of electrode coating

ZwickRoell solution:

- Machine: Z010 Allround-Line with fast (2 kHz) synchronous measured-value acquisition
- Special Z-direction tensile fixture to measure coating adhesion forces
- High repeatability and throughput due to up to 5 tests in one setup



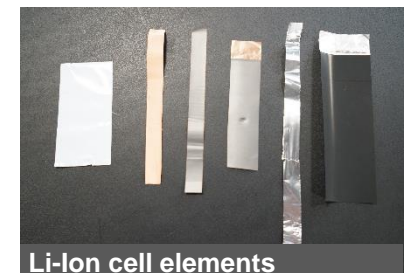
Coating after test



Li-Ion battery cell layers



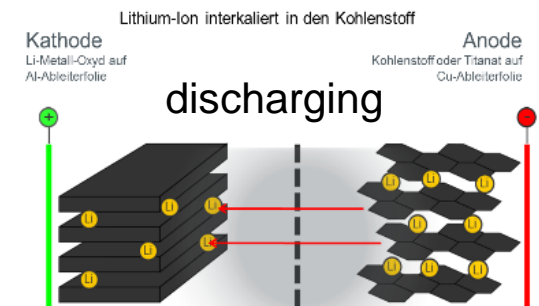
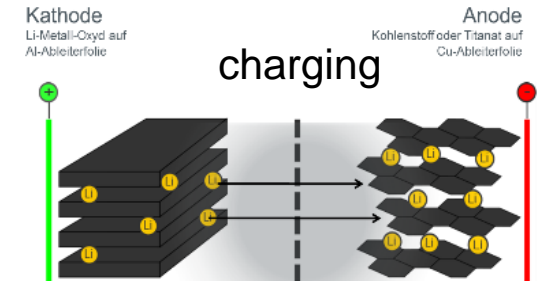
Typical Li-Ion battery cell



Li-Ion cell elements

Improvement of mechanical fatigue properties of electrode composites of lithium ion battery cells during charging cycles.

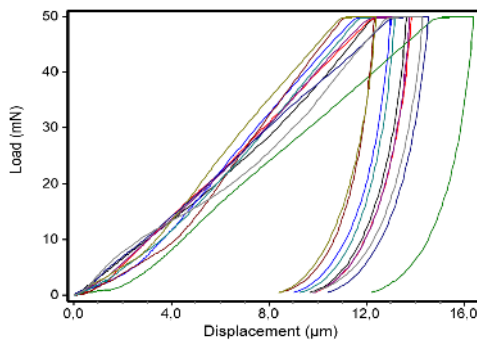
Nanoindentation hardness tester for the determination of mechanical properties of different electrode coatings at various ageing stages (mechanical, thermal, electrochemical).



Lithium-Ion kehrt in ursprüngliche Matrix zurück

Movement of lithium ions during charging cycles
Source: Prof. Schreiber

Load-Displacement Curve

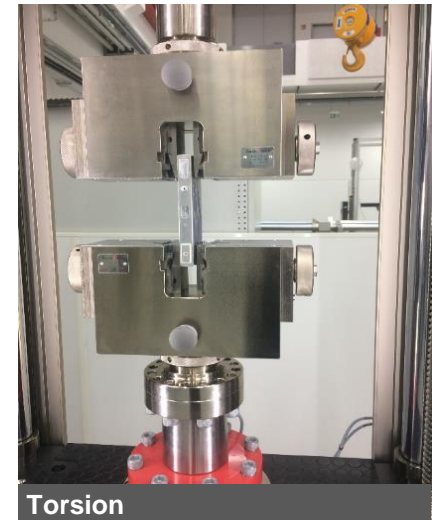


Force-Deformation curve of a Carbon coating on Cu-anode ZHN, Nanoindentation tester with flat punch fixture



Battery cells as smallest energy source entity need to satisfy a number safety critical tests, especially under abuse conditions

- Mechanical tests at different states of charge and environmental conditions:
 - Tensile, Torsion, (Static and Fatigue)
 - 3-/4-point bending (Static and Fatigue)
 - SOC Inflation/Deformation
 - Forced short-circuit (Nail penetration test)
 - Crush
 - Drop *
 - Impact
 - ...



* not in ZwickRoell portfolio

Examples of mechanical tests on lithium-ion pouch cells



Impact



Puncture



Flat crush



Edge crush



Terminal Shear

*Cardboard sample to be replaced by pouch cell

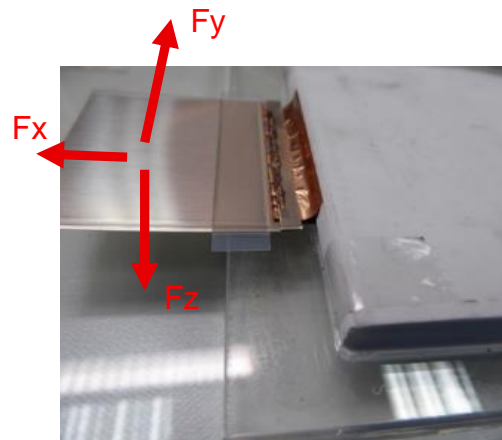
Li-ion battery – Cell integrity

Objective: Validate safe electrode welds of large format lithium ion cells against thermo-mechanical cyclical fatigue

Linear drive system LTM with flexible sample fixture for F_x , F_y , F_z determination.



Typical loading cycle for conductor



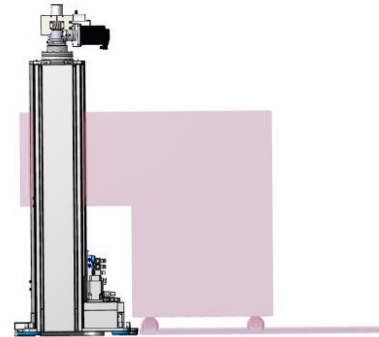
Loading axes for a pouch cell conductor



LTM 1, 1 kN Linear drive test system

Example of a test configuration for advanced material research on lithium-ion and future technology battery cell materials and structures

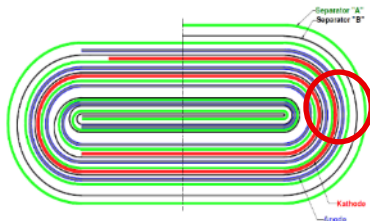
- Research objective:
 - R&D on new materials for high energy battery cells
- Types of test:
 - Tension, Flexure, Torsion (static and fatigue)
 - Temperature
- Equipment:
 - 2x Tension-Torsion (100 + 250 kN)
 - 1x Fatigue loadframe (100 kN)
 - 3x Temperature chamber (EUCAR 6)
 - Special tooling set for future cell design
 - Integrated with room safety equipment



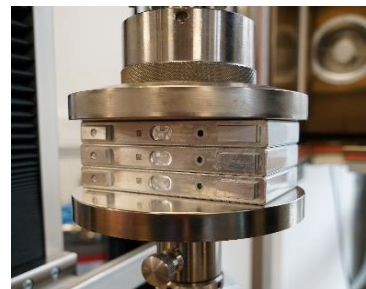
Universal Testing Machine equipped with safety temperature chamber

Design improvement of cell structures of larger scale Lithium-ion batteries through measurement of mechanical loading and deformation during charging cycles (swelling).

- Servohydraulic test machine (100 kN) for the determination of swelling effects of lithium ion cells during charging cycles.
- Machine can be equipped with temperature chamber for simulation of environmental conditions (-80°C - +250°C).
- High risk of fire requires special protection chambers (Hazard Level 6).



Schematic drawing of a wound cell



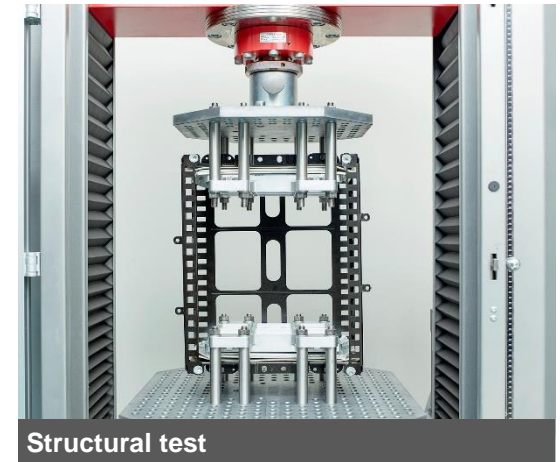
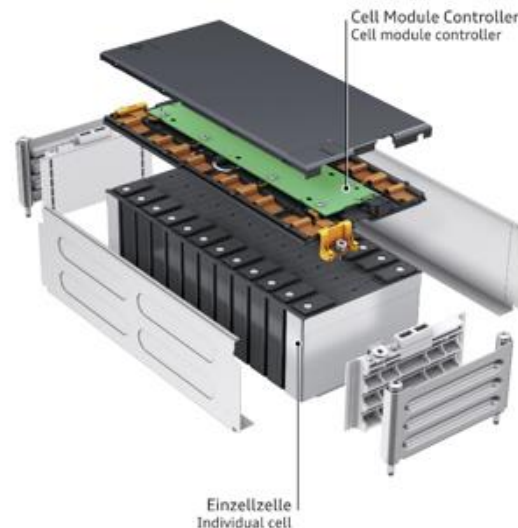
Compression tool for active and passive compression tests on lithium-ion cells



HA 100, 100 kN testing machine prepared for integration of a temperature chamber (HL6)

Battery modules are comprised of several battery cells. The integrity of the module is of high importance.

- Battery modules/packs:
 - Mechanical enclosure (Aluminum, Sheet metal, Plastics)
 - Cabling, connectors
 - Cooling
- Tests:
 - Shock / Impact
 - Crush
 - Environmental
 - Structural
 - Abuse (*)
 - Vibration *
 - Electrical performance *



* not in ZwickRoell portfolio

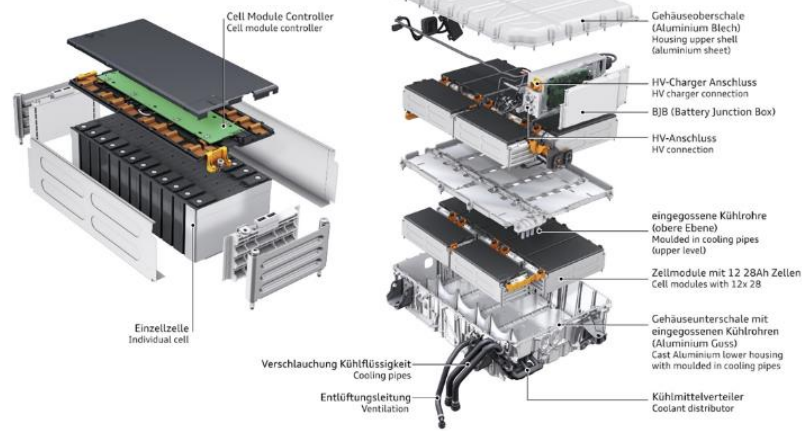
Entire battery systems are typically tested for their performance in a vehicle in various conditions

- Entire battery systems:
 - Mechanical enclosure (Aluminum, Sheet metal, Plastics)
 - Cabling
 - Cooling
 - Connectors



- Tests:
 - Shock tests
 - Vibration tests
 - Environmental tests
 - Structural tests

Audi Q7 e-tron 3.0 TDI quattro
Aufbau der Hochvolt Batterie
Structure of the high-voltage battery
03/15



Lithium-ion batteries in automotive applications

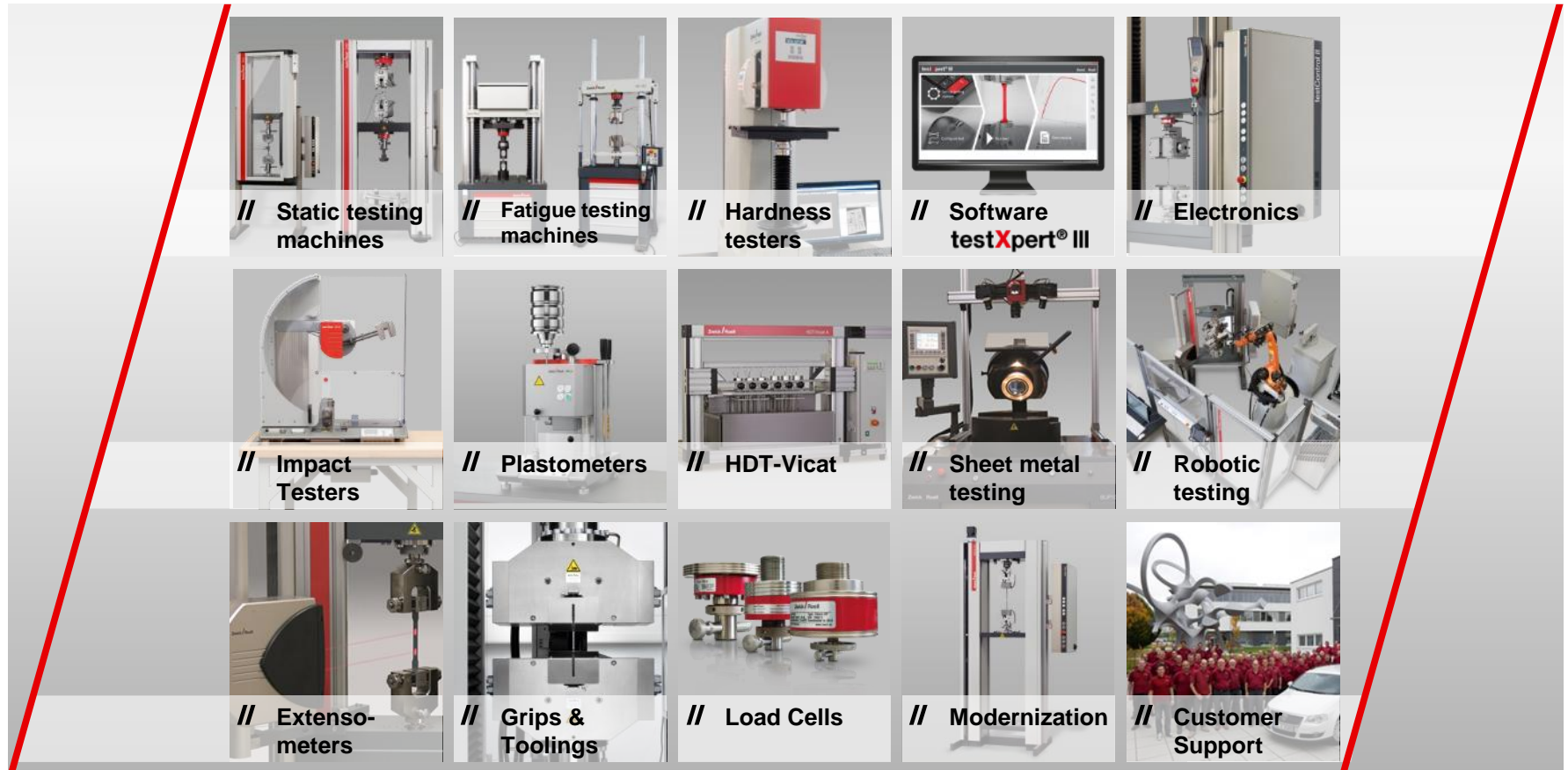
Tests on lithium-ion batteries

Mechanical tests on lithium-ion batteries

ZwickRoell testing solutions

Testing solutions

Through constant innovation, we offer all components necessary for professional material testing.



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